

Model 320 Pulse Transmitter

The **Model 320** is a compact, programmable transmitter capable of converting the signal from Data Industrial flow sensors to a scaled units/pulse signal. In addition to our standard square wave signal, it can also accept a sine wave making it a versatile transmitter for numerous applications.

With an onboard micro-controller and digital circuitry, the 320 is programmed from a Windows® based computer program. This eliminates the need to set dip switches and produces precise, accurate and drift free signals of high resolution.

The compact cast epoxy body measures 1.75° (44mm) x 2.75" (70mm) x 1" (25mm) and can easily be mounted to panels, DIN rails or enclosures. With multiple inputs, ease of use and a variety of enclosures, the Model 320 is a powerful and competitive transmitter for many of today's demanding applications.



Optional Enclosure (Ver. 320-02 and 320-03)





320 ORDERING MATRIX

	EXAMPLE:	320	-	xx
SERIES				
Programmable Pulse Transmitter		320		
OPTIONS				
Transmitter Only				00
W / NEMA 4X Enclosure				01
W / Metal Enclosure				02
W / Plastic Enclosure				03
W / DIN Rail Mounting Clips				04

Specifications

Power:

- 12-30 VAC, 85 mA max
- 12-40 VDC, 30 mA max
- Reverse and over voltage protected to 40 VDC

Input Frequency:

— 0.4 to 10 kHz

Transient Suppression:

Complies with IEC-801-4 electrical burst, fast transient specification.

Pulse Output:

- Isolated solid state switch in any standard or custom flow total units
- Adjustable 50 mS to 1.0 second pulse output width in 50 mS increments
- Maximum sinking current: 100 mA @ 36 VDC

Temperature:

- Operating: -20°F to 158°F (-29°C to 70°C)
- Storage: -40°F to 185°F (-40°C to 85°C)

Calibration

Units can be calibrated at our facility or easily programmed in the field. Field calibration requires a Data Industrial A320 Programming kit (consisting of a custom cable and software) and an IBM compatible computer running a Windows® based operating system. In order to calibrate, the Model 320 must be connected to power, and the A301 cable must be connected to an available 9-pin COM port on the computer.

Once the software is loaded and communications with the transmitter are established, the following parameters are entered in the setup screens:

1. Units of measure

Wiring

- "K" and Offset values manually entered from values in sensor operators manual or automatically entered using the auto button.
- 3. Units per output pulse
- 4. Filter setting
- 5. Pulse width

Once the values are set, the "send" command loads the transmitter.

All programming can be saved with a file name for later reference.

A full explanation of all settings is available through the software help file.



Figure 1: Model 320

Per standard wiring practices, the power must be off before making any wire connections. The terminal strips have removable plug-in connectors to make wiring easier.

- 1. Refer to Figure 1 for terminal connections.
- 2. Connect power supply positive (+) or AC Load to terminal marked AC L /DC +.
- 3. Connect power supply negative (-) or AC Common to terminal marked AC C /DC -.
- 4. Series 200 sensor, connect the red wire to Signal (+) terminal, black wire to Signal (-) terminal and the shield to Shield terminal (Disregard shield for the IR sensors).
- 5. Series 4000 sensor, connect the red wire to Power Out terminal, clear wire to Signal (+) terminal, black wire to Signal (-) terminal, and shield wire to Shield terminal.
- 6. If wiring to a sine wave output sensor consult factory.
- 7. Connect Pulse(+) from pulse input device to Pulse Out(+) of 320, connect Pulse(-) from pulse input device to Pulse Out(-) of 320.
- 8. For maximum EMI Protection, connect Model 320 ground lug to panel ground.
- 9. Ensure that all connections are tight, then plug connector into header.

Figure 2: Wiring 320 to Series 2000 or 4000 to a generic pulse input device



